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## AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

- 1. (original) A method for identifying a modulator of N-methyl-D-aspartate receptor (NMDA-R) signaling activity, comprising detecting the ability of an agent to modulate the phosphatase activity of a protein tyrosine phosphatase with said NMDA-R on a substrate or to modulate the binding of the protein tyrosine phosphatase to NMDA-R, thereby identifying the modulator, wherein the protein tyrosine phosphatase is capable of directly or indirectly dephosphorylating NMDA-R.
- 2. (original) The method according to Claim 1, wherein said protein tyrosine phosphatase is capable of dephosphorylating a protein tyrosine kinase (PTK), which PTK phosphorylates NMDA-R.
  - 3. (original) The method according to Claim 2, wherein said PTK is Src. Please delete
  - 4. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein the protein tyrosine phosphatase is human.
- 5. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein the modulator is identified by detecting its ability to modulate the phosphatase activity of the protein tyrosine phosphatase.
- 6. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein the modulator is identified by detecting its ability to modulate the binding of the protein tyrosine phosphatase to the NMDA-R.
- 7. (original) A method for identifying an agent as a modulator of NMDA-R signaling, comprising: (a) contacting
  - (i) the agent
- (ii) a protein tyrosine phosphatase and a protein tyrosine kinase (PTK) that phosphorylates NMDA-R; and
  - (iii) NMDA-R or a subunit thereof;

wherein either or both of (ii) and (iii) is substantially pure or recombinantly expressed;

- (b) measuring the tyrosine phosphorylation level of the NMDA-R or subunit;
- (c) comparing the NMDA-R tyrosine phosphorylation level in the presence of the agent with the NMDA-R tyrosine phosphorylation level in the absence of the agent,

wherein a difference in tyrosine phosphorylation levels identifies the agent as a modulator of NMDA-R signaling.

8. (original) The method of claim 7, wherein said NMDA-R and said protein tyrosine

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phosphatase exist in a protein complex.

- 9. (original) The method of claim 7, wherein said agent enhances the ability of the protein tyrosine phosphatase to dephosphorylate said PTK.
- 10. (original) The method of claim 7, wherein said agent inhibits the ability of the protein tyrosine phosphatase to dephosphorylate said PTK.
- 11. (original) The method of claim 7, wherein said agent modulates binding of the protein tyrosine phosphatase to NMDA-R.
- 12 . (original) The method of claim 11, wherein said agent promotes or enhances binding of the protein tyrosine phosphatase to NMDA-R.
- 13. (original) The method of claim 11, wherein said agent disrupts or inhibits binding of the protein tyrosine phosphatase to NMDA-R.

14 - 19 (canceled)